

9. Let

$$\Delta^2 u(x, t) = u(x+h, t) - 2u(x, t) + u(x-h, t).$$

Then the local truncation error is

$$L(x, t) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}(\mu - \theta)\Delta^2\right) u(x, t+k) - \left[1 + \frac{1}{2}(\mu + \theta)\Delta^2\right] u(x, t) \quad \textcircled{1}$$

where $k = \mu h^2$ and $u_t = u_{xx}$.

DON'T Taylor expand $\textcircled{1}$ directly: pages of algebra!

TRICK:

$$u(x, t+k) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \frac{k^l}{l!} \partial_t^l u(x, t)$$

where $\partial_t \equiv \frac{\partial}{\partial t}$, $\partial_t^l \equiv \frac{\partial^l}{\partial t^l}$.

BUT $\partial_t u = D^2 u$ where $D \equiv \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$.

AND $k = \mu h^2$.

$$\text{SO } u(x, t+k) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \frac{\mu^l h^{2l}}{l!} D^{2l} u(x, t)$$

$$= \left(1 + \mu h^2 D^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mu^2 h^4 D^4 + \dots\right) u(x, t).$$

FURTHER

$$\Delta^2 u(x, t) = \left(h^2 D^2 + \frac{1}{2} h^4 D^4 + \dots \right) u(x, t).$$

HENCE $L(x, t) = \hat{L} u(x, t)$ where

$$\hat{L} =$$

$$\left(1 + \mu h^2 D^2 + \frac{1}{2} \mu^2 h^4 D^4 + \dots \right) \left[1 - (\mu - \theta) \left(\frac{1}{2} h^2 D^2 + \frac{1}{4!} h^4 D^4 + \dots \right) \right] \\ - \left[1 + (\mu + \theta) \left(\frac{1}{2} h^2 D^2 + \frac{1}{4!} h^4 D^4 + \dots \right) \right]$$

$$= h^2 D^2 \left(\underbrace{\mu - \frac{1}{2}(\mu - \theta) - \frac{1}{2}(\mu + \theta)}_{= 0} \right)$$

$$+ h^4 D^4 \left\{ \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \mu^2 - \frac{1}{2} \mu (\mu - \theta) - \frac{1}{4!} (\mu - \theta) - \frac{1}{4!} (\mu + \theta)}_{\text{EXERCISE : SIMPLIFY}} \right\}$$

$$+ O(h^6 D^6).$$